Measures of Central Tendency

- Mean the sum of all the numbers divided the amount of numbers
- Median the number in the middle when all the numbers are placed in numerical order
- Mode the number that appears the most

Range - the difference between the high and the low

Example: Find the mean, median, mode, and range of the data displayed in the table below.

Test Scores	Frequency
95	3
85	4
75	2
65	1

Show all work in this area.

mean
$$\rightarrow \frac{840}{10} = 84\%$$

median
$$\rightarrow$$
 85 b/c $\frac{85+85}{2}$ =85 (middle #s)